

4D3N Central Hokkaido (G014)

(Chitose Airport-Shikotsu Lake Ice Festival-Toya Lake-Rusutsu- Sapporo-Chitose Airport)

Day 1

Arrive at Chitose Airport

- **Lake Shikotsu Ice Festival-** An ice festival held in Lake Shikotsu hot springs in Shikotsu-Toya National Park.



- **Ainu Museum-** One of Japan's best museums about the Ainu, the indigenous people of northern Japan. The open air museum, which is also commonly known as Porotokotan is a replica village consisting of five thatched houses along the shore of Lake Poroto.
- **Noboribetsu Jigokudani-** Hell Valley of Noboribetsu is a spectacular displays hot steam vents, sulfurous streams and other volcanic activity. It is a main source of Noboribetsu's hot spring waters.

Day 2

- **Showashinzan-** One of Japan's youngest mountains. Accompanied by earthquakes, the mountain suddenly rose from a flat wheat field to its current height of 290 meters between 1943 and 1945.

- **Snow play (Rusutsu Resort) -** The largest resort in Hokkaido, Japan The resort is mostly famous for its ski slopes, but it also has an amusement park, golf courses and others.



- **Nakayama Pass-** Located near the center of National Highway 230, which crosses the Shikotsu Toya National Park. Nakayama Toge mountain pass with a wonderful panoramic views of Mt. Yotei, also known as Ezo Fuj

Day 3

- **Otaru Canal-** Part of the city's busy port in the first half of the 20th century. The canal makes for a pleasant stroll during the day, when artists present their works to passing tourists, and during the evenings when old fashioned gas lamps are lit and provide a romantic atmosphere.



- **Kitaichi Glass-** The oldest and most famous shop in Otaru which was founded in 1901
- **Ishiya Chocolate Factory-** A chocolate theme park consist of a free area with a shop, cafe and restaurant and a paid area with various chocolate related exhibits.
- **Odori Park-** An oasis in the city center and extends 1.5 km from east to west that was built in 1871.
- **Sapporo Clock Tower-** One of the few surviving western-style wooden structure building in Sapporo.
- **Sapporo Old Government Office-** An example of American neo-baroque architecture influence in Sapporo that was constructed back in 1888. It is also known by the nickname “red brick office”.
- **Susukino-** Japan's largest entertainment district north of Tokyo. It is packed with stores, bars, restaurants, karaoke shops, pachinko parlors and red light establishments.

Day 4

Depart from Chitose Airport

